



INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
SENIOR SECTION
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
CLASS IX
WORKSHEET NO. 3
LINES AND ANGLES

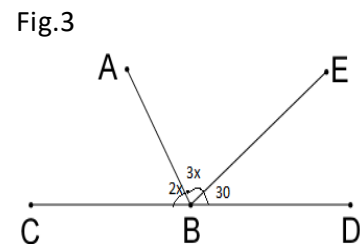
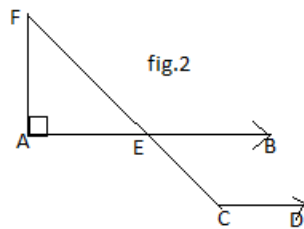
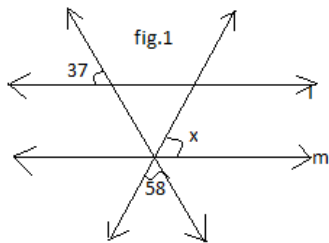


SECTION A: (1 MARK)

1. An angle is 20° more than three times the other angle. If the two angles are supplementary, find the angles. $40^\circ, 140^\circ$
2. If a wheel has six spokes equally spaced, then find the measure of the angle between two adjacent spokes. 60°
3. An exterior angle of a triangle is 105° and its two interior opposite angles are equal. Find each of these equal angles. $52 \frac{1}{2}^\circ$
4. If two times the measure of one angle is three times the other which is complement, find the angles. $36^\circ, 54^\circ$
5. In fig.2, $AB \parallel CD$ and $\angle F = 30^\circ$ find $\angle ECD$. 120°

SECTION B: (2 MARKS)

6. In $\triangle ABC$, the bisectors of $\angle ABC$ and $\angle BCA$, intersect each other at point O. If $\angle BOC = 100^\circ$, find the $\angle A$. 20°

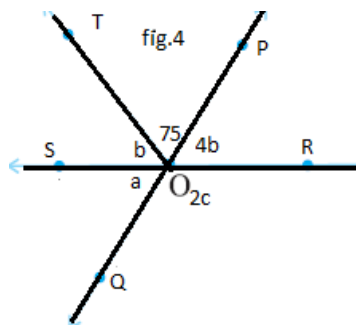


7. In fig.1, if $l \parallel m$, what is the value of x 85°
8. The exterior angles obtained on producing the base of a triangle both ways are 100° and 120° . Find all the angles $80^\circ, 60^\circ, 40^\circ$
(CCE 2011)
9. In fig.3, find $\angle ABE$. 90°

SECTION C: (3 MARKS)

10. $\triangle ABC$ in which BC is produced to D. If $\angle A : \angle B : \angle C = 3:2:1$ and $AC \perp CE$. Find $\angle ECD$. 60°
11. The sum of two angles of a triangle is 80° and their difference is 20° . Find all the angles. $50^\circ, 30^\circ, 100^\circ$

12. An exterior angle of a triangle measures 140° . If the interior opposite angles are in the ratio 3: 1 then find the angles of the triangle 35°,40°, 105°
13. If the angles of a triangle are $(2x - 30)^\circ$, $(3x - 50)^\circ$ and $(x + 20)^\circ$, find the value of x and angles of the triangle. 50°,70°, 60°



Fig(i)

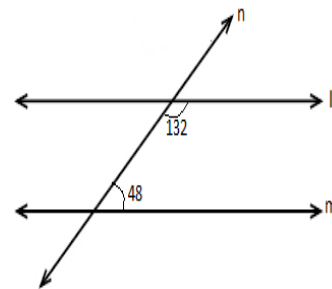
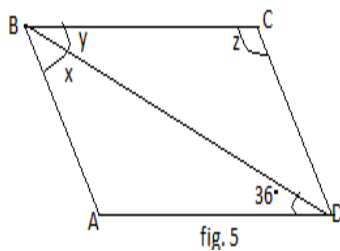
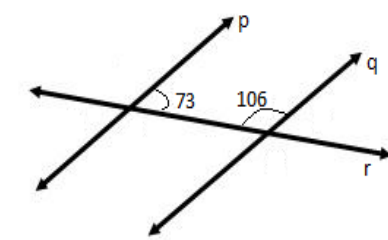


Fig (ii)



SECTION D: (4 MARKS)

13. If the bisectors of the angles B and C of $\triangle ABC$ meet at a point O, then prove that $\angle BOC = 90^\circ + \frac{1}{2} \angle A$
14. In fig.4, lines PQ and RS intersect at O. If $\angle POT = 75^\circ$, find a, b and c. **84°, 21°, 48°**
15. In the given figs (i) and (ii), which of the two lines are parallel and justify your answer. **YES, NO**
16. In fig.5, $AB \parallel DC$. If $x = \frac{4y}{3}$ and $y = \frac{3z}{8}$, find $\angle BCD$, $\angle ABC$ and $\angle BAD$. Also check whether BC is parallel to AD. **96°,84°, 96°,yes**
17. AB and CD are two parallel lines. The bisectors of the interior angles on the same side of the transversal EF intersect each other at the point P. Prove that $\angle MPN = 90^\circ$
18. In $\triangle ABC$, AD and CE are the bisectors of $\angle A$ and $\angle C$ respectively meet at O. If $\angle ABC = 90^\circ$, then find $\angle AOC$. **135°**

(CBSE 2011)